

# Manual

# **Exonuclease V (RecBCD)**

Recombinant enzyme that cleaves linear single-stranded and double-stranded DNA in both 3' to 5' and 5' to 3' directions. Concentration 10  $U/\mu I$ .

catalog#	size
1036-1000	1000 U
1036-5000	5000 U

For research use only.

#### Guarantee

A&A Biotechnology provides guarantee on this product.

The company does not guarantee correct performance of this kit in the event of:

- not adhering to the supplied protocol
- use of not recommended equipment or materials
- use of other reagents than recommended or which are not a component of the product
- use of expired or improperly stored product or its components

# **Advantages**

- DNA specific exonuclease that has ssDNA and dsDNA exonuclease activity and ATP-dependent ssDNA endonuclease activity.
- Cleaves ssDNA and dsDNA in both 3' to 5' and 5' to 3' directions.
- Degrades linear ssDNA and dsDNA leaving intact supercoiled and circular dsDNA.

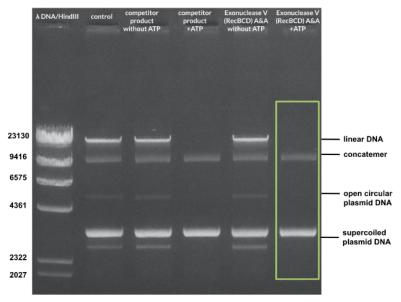


Fig. 1 The picture shows the degradation of linear DNA by Exonuclease V (RecBCD) A&A compared to a competitor enzyme.

# **Description**

**Exonuclease V** is a complex of recombinant RecB, RecC and RecD proteins from E. coli. Enzyme has a helicase and nuclease activity. In the presence of ATP catalyzes exonucleolytic cleavage in both 3' to 5' and 5' to 3' directions to yield 5' phosphooligonucleotides.

# **Application**

- Removal of residual fragmented genomic DNA after purification of low copy plasmid.
- Removal of genomic DNA during purification of mitochondrial and chloroplast DNA.
- Removal of linear DNA contamination from plasmid samples.

### Unit definition

One unit is defined as the amount of enzyme required to produce 1 nmol of acid soluble deoxyribonucleotide from double-stranded DNA in 30 minutes at 37  $^{\circ}$ C in a total reaction volume of 30  $\mu$ l.

1036-1000

1036-5000

#### **Contents**

	1036-1000		1036-3000		
	quantity	catalog#	quantity	catalog#	storage
Exonuclease V					
storage buffer: 100 mM MOPS pH 7.4, 2 mM MgCl <sub>2</sub> , 1 mM DTT, 0.1 mM EDTA, 50% glycerol	1000 U	K-EXV-1000	2 x 2500 U	K-EXV-2500	-20°C
ExoV reaction buffer					
10x ExoV reaction buffer: 500 mM CH <sub>3</sub> COOK, 200 mM Tris-acetate pH 7.9, 100 mM (CH <sub>3</sub> COO) <sub>2</sub> Mg, 10 mM DTT	200 μΙ	K-BEXV-200B	5 x 200 µl	K-BEXV-200B	-20°C
10 mM ATP	200 µl	K-ATP-200B	5 x 200 µl	K-ATP-200B	-20 °C
ultrapure water	8 ml	K-WUP-8	40 ml	K-WUP-40	-20-25℃

# Important note

DNA treated with Exonuclease V must be free of **EDTA** and **CaCl<sub>2</sub>**. We recommend suspending the material in water or Tris buffer.

## **Protocol**

1. Thaw and mix all components and add:

	reaction volume
component	30 μΙ
DNA sample	up to 1 µl
Exonuclease V	1μΙ
ExoV reaction buffer	3 µl
ATP (10 mM)	3 µl
ultrapure water	up to 30 µl

- 3. Incubate for 30 min at 37 °C.
- 4. Enzyme inactivation: add EDTA to 11mM or incubate for 30 min at 70 °C.
- Clean-up treated samples using the Clean-Up Concentrator <u>cat # 021-50C</u> and/or perform ethanol precipitation.



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